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| APPLICATION NO      | ).                                       | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.     | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---------------------|--|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 10/722,628          | •  | 11/28/2003  | Var Lordahl          | Valve                   | 7115             |
| 42811               | 7590                                     | 06/08/2006  |                      | EXAMINER                |                  |
| KAJANE              |  |             | HEPPERLE, S          | HEPPERLE, STEPHEN M     |                  |
|                     | MCMANUS AND ASSOCIATES 1505 ASHLEY COURT |             |                      |                         | PAPER NUMBER     |
| WOODSTOCK, IL 60098 |  |             |                      | 3753                    |                  |
|                     |  |             |                      | DATE MAILED: 06/08/2006 |                  |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

|  | Application No.   | Applicant(s)  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|  | 10/722,628  | LORDAHL ET AL.  |  |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary  | Examiner  | Art Unit  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Stephen M. Hepperle   | 3753  |  |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app<br>Period for Reply   | ears on the cover sheet with the c  | orrespondence address   |  |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  B6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time  rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI | I.  nely filed  the mailing date of this communication.  D (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |  |  |  |
| Status   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Application Papers   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 19 May 2006 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex  | ☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj   | e 37 CFR 1.85(a).<br>jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).                          |  |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>  | s have been received.<br>s have been received in Applicati<br>ity documents have been receive<br>u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  | on No ed in this National Stage   |  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date  S Patent and Trademark Office   | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:  |   |  |  |  |  |

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A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 19 May 2006 has been entered.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2 and 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moen (4,469,121) in view of Nambu or Takano et al. Moen shows a mixing valve cartridge with a pressure balancing valve spool 40 reciprocating inside plastic sleeve 24. Nambu shows a spool valve with a plastic spool inside a plastic housing, where the plastic is PTFE or PEEK (col. 4, lines 50-59). Takano teaches a pressure balancing spool made of PTFE because of light weight and self-lubrication ability (col. 4, lines 45-49). It would have been obvious to make the Moen sleeve and/or spool of PTFE as taught by Nambu because PTFE is well known for its superior chemical resistance and low friction. Alternatively, it would have been obvious to make the Moen plastic sleeve 24 and/or spool 40 of PTFE as taught by Takano to reduce weight and provide self lubrication. Regarding the limitations newly added to claim 1, the reason for the structure is given no weight in the claims, although the use of PTFE is notoriously well known for its self lubrication ability. With respect to the seals, Moen shows a seal 34 covering a portion

of the outer cylinder of the sleeve, and an identical seal 180 degrees around the cylinder from the first, and therefore, "diametrically opposed".

Claims 3-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moen (4,469,121) in view of Powers et al. Powers shows a mixing valve with a pressure balancing spool having a spring 52 that biases the spool in a direction to restrict hot water from inlet 10, to assure no hot water gets through if there is no cold water (for safety). It would have been obvious to add a biasing spring to Moen to restrict hot water to prevent scalding as taught by Powers. To restrict the hot supply 16, the spring would be placed between the Moen spool 40 and stem 44. In the absence of other disclosure, it would be reasonable to assume that the Moen stem is made of metal. Moen also teaches (col. 5, lines 46-53) that it uses a shear member of the type used in patent application 011,405, now US patent 4,305,419, which patent has a stainless steel stem. Alternatively, it would have been obvious to make the stem of metal to transmit force of the handle 20 to the valve, avoid stripping of the screw that fastens the handle, and because that is the normal material because of its strength.

Claims 5-7 and 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Moen (4,469,121) in view of Nambu or Takano et al. further in view of Powers et al. Powers shows a mixing valve with a pressure balancing spool having a spring 52 that biases the spool in a direction to restrict hot water from inlet 10, to assure no hot water gets through if there is no cold water (for safety). It would have been obvious to add a biasing spring to Moen to restrict hot water to prevent scalding as taught by Powers. To restrict the hot supply 16, the spring would be placed between the Moen spool 40 and stem 44. In the absence of other disclosure, it would be reasonable to assume that the Moen stem is made of metal. Moen also teaches (col. 5, lines 46-

53) that it uses a shear member of the type used in patent application 011,405, now US patent 4,305,419, which patent has a stainless steel stem. Alternatively, it would have been obvious to make the stem of metal to transmit force of the handle 20 to the valve, avoid stripping of the screw that fastens the handle, and because that is the normal material because of its strength.

Applicant's arguments filed 19 May 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. As stated above, Moen is seen as providing the new limitation regarding seals. The recitation of PTFE's inherent qualities are inherently met in a combination involving PTFE.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Dempsey shows a valve similar to applicants, with seals that appear to be identical to each other and applicant's seals. The valve stem and spool are stainless steel for improved corrosion resistance. Moen (4,417,602) teaches that "it is prevailing practice" to make many mixing valve parts of plastic.

All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the application prior to the entry of the submission under 37 CFR 1.114 and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the application prior to entry under 37 CFR 1.114. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL** even though it is a first action after the filing of a request for continued examination and the submission under 37 CFR 1.114. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

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the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen M. Hepperle whose telephone number is 571-272-4913. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Keasel can be reached on 571-272-4929. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Stephen M. Hepperle Primary Examiner

Stoph Soppele

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